



Functions & Benefits of Carbohydrates

Provides energy

Carbohydrates are broken down into glucose, which act as the primary source of fuel for the body.

The brain and nerve cells only use glucose for energy.

Spares protein & fat

When your body needs fuel, it first breaks down carbohydrates before turning to protein and fat (sparing them for other functions).

Promotes digestive health

Dietary fiber adds bulk to the stool and promotes GI tract motility & bowl movement regularity.

Regulates metabolism

Carbohydrates participate in metabolism & breakdown of cholesterol & fat for use in the body.

Complex carbohydrates help control blood glucose levels and insulin release.

References:

1. Holesh JE, Aslam S, Martin A. Physiology, Carbohydrates. Updated May 12, 2023. Accessed Dec 18, 2024. StatPearls Publishing. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK459280/ 2. Hermann J. Carbohydrates in the Diet. Oklahoma State University Extension. Published Apr 2021. Accessed Dec 17, 2024. https://extension.okstate.edu/fact-sheets/carbohydrates-in-the-diet.html